MACMILLAN CANCER SUPPORT



Having an MRI scan

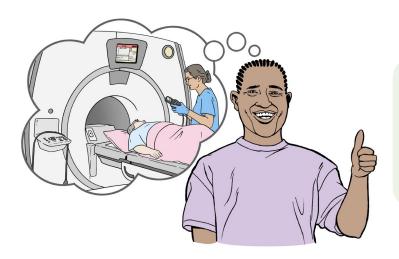




About this easy read booklet



This booklet is about having an MRI scan.



You can learn about what will happen at the hospital when you go in for an MRI scan.



If you are worried about your health, you should talk to a doctor or nurse.



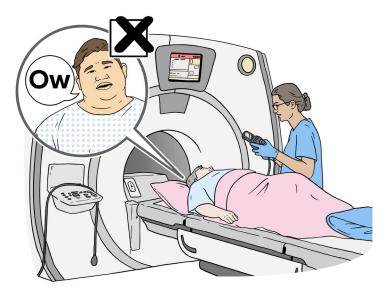
Scans and x-rays



Scans and **x-rays** are ways of taking photos of the inside of the body. This helps the doctor check if everything is OK, or find out what is causing a health problem.



Scans and x-rays are done in hospital by people called **radiographers**.



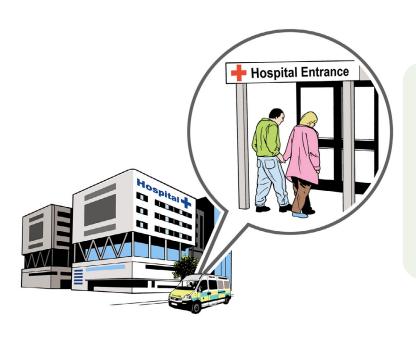
Scans and x-rays do not hurt. Tell the doctor if you have any pain.



Some tests can hurt your baby if you are pregnant. So it is very important to tell the doctor, nurse or the person who gives you support if you are pregnant.



Before you have the scan you might want to ask the radiographer, x-ray nurse or the person who gives you support to tell you what they are going to do.



You may be able to visit the hospital with the person who gives you support before you go for the tests. Then you will know what it is like.



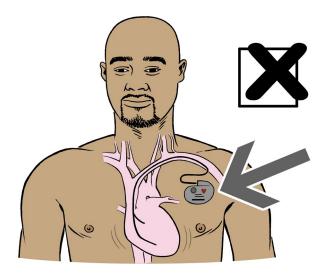
Having an MRI scan



An MRI scan uses magnets to make pictures of the inside of your body. The scanner looks like a big box with a hole in it. It has a special bed for you to lie on, which moves in and out of the scanner.



The MRI scan does not hurt and is not bad for you.



You can not have an MRI scan if you have a **pacemaker**.

A **pacemaker** is a small device fixed to your heart to keep your heart beating at the right speed.



You can not have an MRI scan if you have any metal inside your body or on your body. You will need to remove any piercings or jewellery.



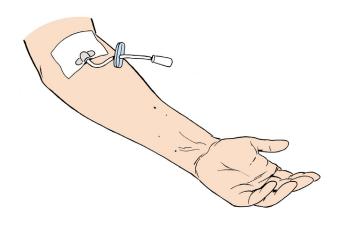
When you come for the scan you need to go to the reception desk first.



Then you may have to wait in the waiting room. If you would find this hard, you can ask to wait in a separate room until you have your scan.



Before you have an MRI scan there are some things you may be asked to do to get ready.



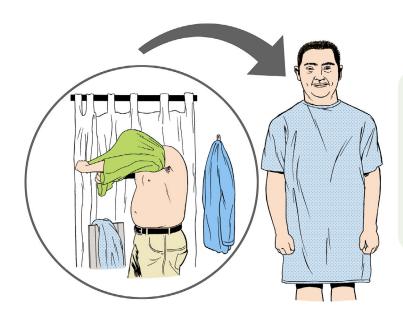
The doctor may put a small thin plastic tube into your hand or arm. This is called a **cannula**.



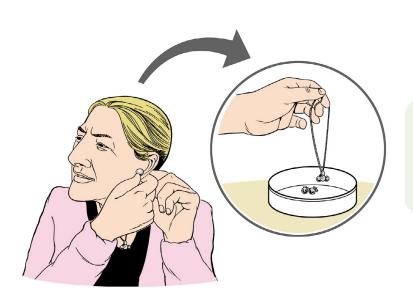
They will put a special liquid into the cannula. They will ask if you feel ok. Tell them if you do not feel ok.



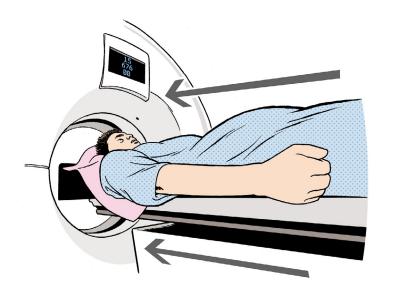
The liquid makes it easier for the doctor to see the inside of your body on the scan.



You may be asked to take some clothes off and put on a hospital gown. You can usually keep your underwear on.



You will have to take off any jewellery too.



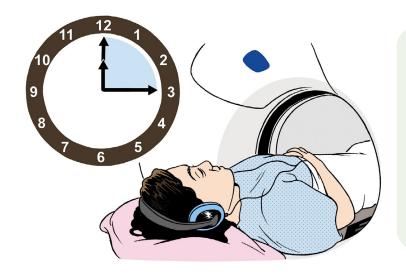
You will be asked to lie on a bed which moves slowly backwards and forwards through the scanner.



The MRI scanner is very noisy.



You will be given some headphones to help block the sound of the scanner. You can also listen to music through these to help you relax.



An MRI scan can take between
15 minutes to 1 hour. You will
be told how long it will take.
You will have to keep still for this
time.



The scanner does not touch your body but the space you have to lie in is very small.

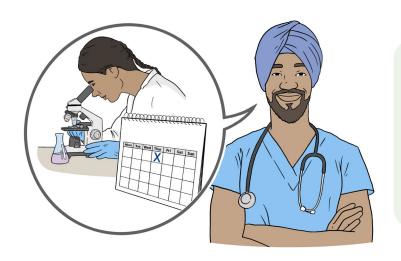


You might feel **claustrophobic**. This means you feel scared or panicky when you are in a small space.



If you feel like this or find it hard to keep still, tell the doctor.

They can give you some medicine to help you relax.



It can take some time to get the results of your MRI scan. Your doctor will tell you how long you may have to wait.



It can be worrying to wait for the results of medical tests. It may help to have someone to talk to while you are waiting. They can also support you when you get the results.



How Macmillan can help you

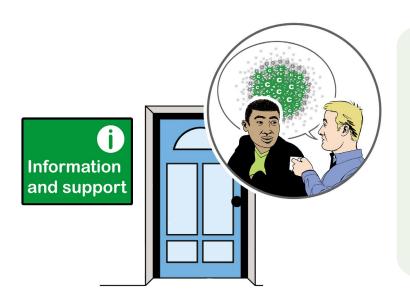


You can get support from:

The Macmillan Support Line.
 Call 0808 808 00 00 7 days a week, 8am to 8pm.



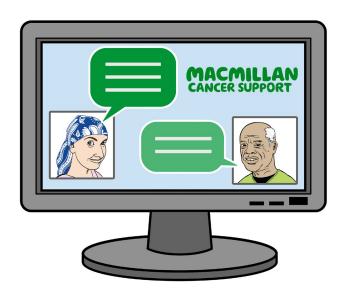
The Macmillan website.
 Visit macmillan.org.uk for information about cancer. You can also use our web chat to ask questions at macmillan.org.uk/talktous



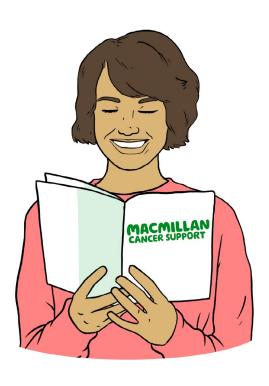
Information centres. You
 can talk to a cancer support
 specialist and get written
 information. Find your nearest
 centre at macmillan.org.uk/
 informationcentres or call us.



 Local support groups. Find a group near you at macmillan. org.uk/supportgroups or call us.



The Macmillan Online
 Community. You can talk
 to other people in similar
 situations at macmillan.org.
 uk/community



Macmillan can give you information in different ways:

Booklets about cancer

You can order booklets about cancer from

be.macmillan.org.uk



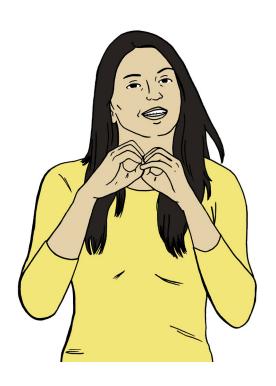
Videos

You can watch videos about cancer at macmillan.org.uk/videos



Audio

You can listen to information about cancer and order CDs from macmillan.org.uk/audio



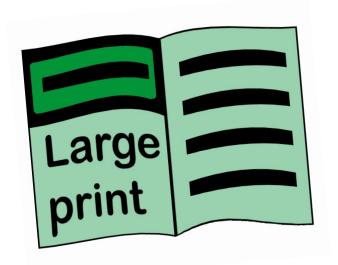
British Sign Language (BSL)

You can watch information in BSL at macmillan.org.uk/bsl



eBooks

You can get eBooks about cancer from **be.macmillan.org.uk**



Large print

Tell us if you need information in large print.

Email: cancerinformationteam

@macmillan.org.uk



Braille

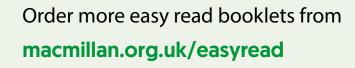
Tell us if you need information in Braille.

Email: cancerinformationteam

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More easy read booklets



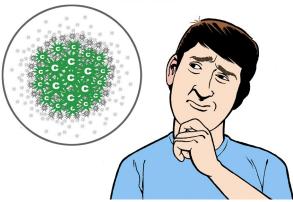


There are booklets on lots of topics:



About Macmillan

 How Macmillan Cancer Support can help you



About cancer

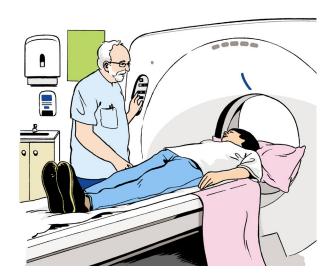
- Lung cancer
- What is cancer?

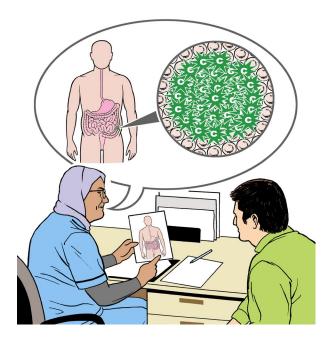


Signs and symptoms

- Breast care for women
- Cervical screening
- How to check your balls (testicles)
- Screening for cancer
- Signs of cancer
- Symptoms of cervical cancer
- Symptoms of prostate cancer







Living a healthy life

- Be safe in the sun
- Drink less alcohol
- Eat a healthy diet
- Exercise
- Have safer sex
- Stop smoking

Tests for cancer

- Having a biopsy
- Having a colonoscopy
- Having a CT scan
- Having an endoscopy
- Having examinations and blood tests
- Having an MRI scan
- Having an ultrasound
- Having an x-ray

Being told you have cancer

- Finding out you have cancer
- · Getting your test results
- Seeing the doctor



Treatment for cancer

- Chemotherapy
- Giving your consent
- Having surgery
- Radiotherapy
- Side effects from chemotherapy
- Side effects from radiotherapy
- Treatments for prostate cancer



Living with cancer

- 7 steps to equal healthcare
- After treatment for cancer
- Cancer and coronavirus
- Claiming benefits when you have cancer
- Complementary therapies
- Help with costs when you have cancer
- Talking about cancer and your feelings
- Things that are important to me
- Work and cancer
- Your feelings and cancer
- Your sex life and cancer
- Your social life and cancer



End of life

- Changes that can happen at the end of life
- Choosing where to die
- · Getting ready to die
- If you are dying from cancer
- Making decisions about the future if you are dying
- Spirituality and religion at the end of life
- The end of life
- Thinking about your funeral
- · Who can help if you are dying



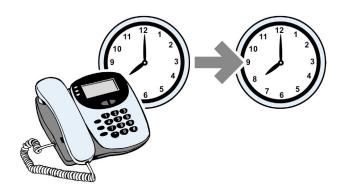
After someone dies

- Going to a funeral when someone dies
- Grief and loss when someone dies
- How you may feel when someone dies
- What can help you feel better when someone dies

To order easy read booklets like this one go to the website **macmillan**. **org.uk/easyread** or call us on **0808 808 00 00**

This booklet is about having an MRI scan.

It is for anyone who finds easier words and pictures helpful. If you have more questions about cancer or would like to talk to us, call the Macmillan Support Line.



· Call us free on:

0808 808 00 00

7 days a week from 8am to 8pm.



If you use a textphone, you can call:
 18001 0808 808 00 00



 Or go to the website macmillan.org.uk

This easy read booklet has been produced by Macmillan Cancer Support working with CHANGE.

MAC16317_ER_E05 Produced December 2022. Next planned review December 2025.

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Patient Information Forum



In partnership with

